

INTRODUCTION

This instrument is a portable easy to use 3½ digit, compact-sized digital infrared thermometer with laser sighting designed for simple one hand operation. The meter comes with backlit LCD display, Auto-hold function and auto power down (15 seconds approx.) after releasing MEAS button to extend battery life.

A DANGER

Pressing the button turns the laser beam on and off. Exercise extreme care and do not allow the laser beam to enter your eye or those of any other person or animal.

- Do not look directly into the laser light from the optical system.
- When measuring the temperature of an object which has a mirror finish, be sure not to allow the laser light beam to be reflected off the surface into your eyes or those of another person.
- Do not allow the laser light beam to impinge upon any gas which can explode.

INFRARED ELECTRICAL

Temperature Range: -20°C to 550°C / -4°F to 1022°F

Display Resolution: 0.5°C / 1°C (Auto), 1°F

Accuracy: ±2% of reading or ±3°C / 6°F, whichever is greater @ 18 to 28°C (@

64.4 to 82.4°F) ambient operating temperature.

Temperature Coefficient: $\pm 0.2\%$ of reading or ± 0.2 °C /0.36°F, whichever is greater, change in accuracy per °C/°F change in ambient operating temperature

Response Time: 1 second

Spectral Response: 6 to 14µm nominal

above 28°C/82.4°F or below 18°C/64.4°F.

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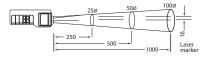
Emissivity: 0.10 to 1.00 by step of 0.01 Detection Element: Thermopile

Optical Lens: Fresnel Lens

Sighting: 1-beam laser marker <1mW (class 2)

Field of View: 100mmØ at 1000mm (3.9"Ø at 39.0") Spot size increases with distance from the probe tip as shown (Spot Diameter measured at 90 % Energy)

Diameter of spot (mm)



Distance of object (mm)

Spot size increases with distance from the probe tip as shown (Spot Diameter measured at 90 % Energy)

K-type thermocouple ELECTRICAL

Temperature Scale: Celsius or Fahrenheit user-selectable

Measurement Range:

Thermocouple Range

K-TYPE -200°C to 1372°C, -328°F to1999°F

Auto range: 0.1°C/1°C , 0.1°F/1°F

Accuracy: Accuracy is specified for operating temperatures over the range of 18°C to 28°C (64°F to 82°F), for 1 year, not including thermocouple error.

 \pm (0.1%rdg+1°C) on -50°C to 1372°C \pm (0.1%rdg+2°C) on -50°C to -200°C \pm (0.1%rdg+2°F) on -58°F to 1999°F \pm (0.1%rdg+4°F) on -58°F to -328°F

Temperature Coefficient: $\pm 0.2\%$ of reading or ± 0.36 °F/0.2°C, whichever is greater, change in accuracy per °F/°C change in ambient operating temperature above 82.4°F/28°C or below 64.4°F/18°C.

Input Protection: 24V dc or 24V ac rms maximum input voltage on any

combination of input pins.

Input Connector: Accepts standard miniature thermocouple connectors (flat blades spaced 7.9mm, center to center).

SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL

Display: $3\frac{1}{2}$ digit liquid crystal display (LCD) with maximum reading of 1999 Low battery indication: the " $\blacksquare \blacksquare$ " is displayed when the battery voltage drops

below the operating level

Measurement rate: 1 times per second, nominal.

Operating Environment: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) at <80% relative humidity Storage Temperature: -20°C to 60°C (40°F to 140°F) , 0 to 80% R.H. with

battery removed from the meter **Auto power off:** 15 seconds.

Standby current consumption: <20µA

Battery: 9 volt battery. (NEDA 1604, IEC 6F22)

Dimensions: 170mm(H) x 65.5mm(W) x 35mm(D)

Weight: 195g (including probe and batteries)

Laser Specifications

Laser safety classification of Class II Wave Length: Red (670nm). Operating Distance: 2 to 50 feet.

Power out: <1mW, class II laser product.

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CAUTION

- Do not use the unit near any device which generates strong electromagnetic radiation or near a static electrical charge, as these may cause errors.
- Do not use the unit where it may be exposed to corrosive or explosive gases. The unit may be damaged, or explosion may occur.
- Do not keep or use this unit in an environment where it will be directly illuminated by sunshine, or where it will be exposed to high temperatures, high humidity or condensation. If you do, its insulation may be damaged, or it may no longer function according to specification.
- Do not point the lens at the sun or at any other source of strong light. If you do, the sensor may be damaged.
- · Do not allow the lens to come into contact with any object where temperature is to be measured. Do not allow the lens to become dirty, scratched or fouled with foreign material - doing so may cause errors.
- Do not touch or hold by the front cone. Temperature reading can be affected
- Do not place the meter on or around hot objects (70°C/158°F). It may cause damage to the case.
- If the meter is exposed to significant changes in ambient temperature (hot to cold or cold to hot). Allow 20 minutes for temperature stabilisation, before taking measurements.
- · Condensation may form on the lens when going from a cold to hot environment. Wait 10 minutes for condensation to dissipate before taking
- This unit is not constructed to be water proof or dustproof, so do not use it in a very dusty environment or in one where it will get wet.

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OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Turning the Power on

When the power is off, press MEAS button to turn on the meter. The values and settings on the LCD return to what they were before the power was last turned

Auto Power-down function

If unused for about 15 seconds, the meter will power-down automatically. Press MEAS button to switch unit back on.

Display Back-Light Button

Press " " button to turn on or off the LCD Back Light during measurement, or while the display shows HOLD, MAX or MIN.

Laser Sighting

Press "A" button to activate the laser. "A" will be present on display. Press MEAS button. Laser will light and "A" will blink on display. Release MEAS to revert to standby.

MEAS (MEASURE) Button

Press MEAS button once to turn on the meter. To measure temperature, press and hold MEAS. Release MEAS button to stop measuring. This will automatically hold the display reading. The meter powers down automatically after 15 seconds.

Selecting the Temperature Scale (°C or °F)

Readings are displayed in either degrees Celsius (°C) or degrees Fahrenheit (°F). When the thermometer is turned on, it is set to the temperature scale that was in use when the thermometer was last turned off. To change the temperature scale, in power down mode, press & hold the " the " button for (°F) or

"A" button for (°C) and press MEAS button until °F or (°C) is displayed.

Continuous Measurement

- 1. When the unit is powered down, hold the MODE key down and press the MEAS key. This will put the meter into the continuous measurement mode.
- 2. Press the MEAS key again to stop measuring temperature. This will automatically hold the display reading. Press again to revert to continuous measurement. The meter will power down automatically after 15 seconds if hold

NOTE: During the continuous measurement mode, the HOLD indication does not appear.

MODE SELECTION (Second display)

Press the MODE button to cycle between $\epsilon \to \mathsf{ALM}\,\mathsf{Hi} \to \mathsf{ALM}\,\mathsf{Lo} \to \mathsf{MAX} \to$ MIN → K → HOLD

HOLD: Releasing MEAS button stops measuring temperature, HOLD is displayed, and the measured temperature is held.

Set the thermal emissivity of the object set using the ▲ and ▼ keys

ALM Hi: The upper limit alarm temperature is set using the ▲ and ▼ keys. When the measured temperature exceeds the Hi setpoint, the beeper emits a pulsed tone and "ALM Hi" is displayed.

ALM Lo: The lower limit alarm temperature is set using the ▲ and ▼ keys When the measured temperature is below the Lo setpoint, the beeper emits a continuous tone and "ALM Lo" is displayed.

MAX: The maximum temperature during measurement is displayed. When measuring, press the mode key. This will cycle between MAX/MIN/ Present temperature

MIN: The Minimum temperature during measurement is displayed. When measuring, press the mode key. This will cycle between MAX/MIN/ Present temperature.

Temperature measurements are taken by the K-type thermocouple

SET MODE & Numeric input key

"SET" indicator is displayed when a numerical value can be set (during setting of e, ALM Hi and ALM Lo).

- " A " key: The numerical value is increased.
- " ▼ " key: The numerical value is reduced.

If either of these numerical value keys is held down, the numerical value changes rapidly in the appropriate direction.

How to specify the thermal emissivity (\mathcal{E})

- 1. Apply black tape to the object where temperature is to be measured, or spray it with matt black spray paint. Wait for all the temperatures to stabilise.
- 2. Set the thermal emissivity value (E) on the LCD to 0.95.
- 3. Press the MEAS key, so as to measure the temperature (T1) of the part on which tape (or black spray paint) is applied.
- 4. Measure the temperature (T2) of the parts to which tape (or black spray paint) is not applied.
- 5. Change the thermal emissivity value (E).
- 6. The value of the thermal emissivity (E) at which T1 comes out to be equal to T2 is the correct value for the inherent thermal emissivity of the body whose temperature is to be measured

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MEASUREMENT CONSIDERATIONS

1. Theory of Measurement

Every object emits infrared energy in accordance with its temperature. By measuring the amount of this radiant energy, it is possible to determine the temperature of the emitting object.

2. About Infrared

Infrared radiation is a form of light (electromagnetic radiation), and has the property that it passes easily through air while it is easily absorbed by solid matter. With an emission thermometer which operates by detecting infrared radiation accurate measurement is possible, irrespective of the air temperature or the measurement distance.

3 Emission Thermometer Structure

Infrared radiation which has been emitted from the object is focused upon an infrared radiation sensor, via an optical system. This includes a lens which is transparent to infrared radiation, and a 5.3µm cut off filter. The output signal from the infrared radiation sensor is input to an electronic circuit along with the output signal from a standard temperature sensor (Thermopile).

4. Emissivity

All objects emit invisible infrared energy. The amount of energy emitted is proportional to the object's temperature and its ability to emit IR energy. This ability, called emissivity, is based upon the material that the object is made of and its surface finish. Emissivity values range from 0.10 for a very reflective object to 1.00 for a perfect black surface. The Factory set emissivity value is 0.95, which covers 90% of typical applications.

5. If the surface to be measured is covered by frost or other material, clean it to expose the surface.

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- 6. If the surface to be measured is highly reflective, apply masking tape or matt finish black paint to the surface.
- 7. If the meter seems to be giving incorrect readings check the front cone. There may be condensation or debris obstructing the sensor; clean per instructions in the maintenance section.

OPERATION

INFRARED Measurements (Main display)

- 1. When the power is down, pressing MEAS button turns on the power.
- 2. Use " " button to turn on or turn off the display Back-Light.
- 3. Use "A" button to turn on or turn off the Laser beam.
- 4. Press the MODE button, if necessary to set the thermal emissivity value (e).
- 5. Point the lens at the object where temperature is to be measured.
- Press the MEAS button. Measurement is performed as long as the MEAS button is kept pressed.
- 7. Referring to the spot size figure, aim the laser beam at the object where temperature is to be measured.

NOTE: Although the field of measurement (or Field of View) and the spot almost coincide, the actual field of measurement corresponds to the diameter for 90% optical response. The measured object needs to be larger than the diameter (size of spot) by an adequate margin at least 1.5 to 2 times bigger.

8. Read the display.

K thermocouple Measurements (Second display)

- 1. When the power is off, press the MEAS button to power up the unit.
- 2. Press the MODE button to switch to the K mode
- 3. Use "the button to turn the display Back-Light on and off if necessary.

Connect the type K thermocouple to the jack on the base of the instrument.
 Place the probe or thermocouple tip on or in the material to be measured.

- Press the MEAS button. Measurement is performed as long as the MEAS button is kept pressed.
- 6. Read the display.

MAINTENANCE

Battery Replacement

Power is supplied by a 9 volt "transistor" battery. (NEDA1604, IEC 6F22). The "
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appears on the LCD display when replacement is needed. To replace the battery, remove the two screws from the back of the meter and lift off the battery cover. Remove the battery from the battery contacts.

Cleaning

Periodically wipe the case with a damp cloth. Do not use abrasives or solvents.

Substance	Thermal emissivity	Substance	Thermal emissivity
Asphalt	0.90 to 0.98	Cloth (black)	0.98
Concrete	0.94	Human skin	0.98
Cement	0.96	Leather	0.75 to 0.80
Sand	0.90	Charcoal (powder)	0.96
Earth	0.92 to 0.96	Lacquer	0.80 to 0.95
Water	0.92 to 0.96	Lacquer (matt)	0.97
Ice	0.96 to 0.98	Rubber (black)	0.94
Snow	0.83	Plastic	0.85 to 0.95
Glass	0.90 to 0.95	Timber	0.90
Ceramic	0.90 to 0.94	Paper	0.70 to 0.94
Marble	0.94	Chromium oxides	0.81
Plaster	0.80 to 0.90	Copper oxides	0.78
Mortar	0.89 to 0.91	Iron oxides	0.78 to 0.82
Brick (red)	0.93 to 0.96	Textiles	0.90

Martindale Electric will carry out routine calibration (on a chargeable basis) if the instrument is returned, carriage paid, to the address on the final page of this document. Alternatively, a chargeable collection and return service is available.

Repair & Service

There are no user serviceable parts in this unit. Return to Martindale Electric Company Ltd if faulty. Our service department will promptly quote to repair any faults that occur outside the warranty period.

Storage Conditions

The unit should be kept in warm, dry conditions away from direct sources of heat or sunlight, with the battery removed and in such a manner as to preserve the working life of the unit. It is strongly advised that the unit is not kept in a tool box where other tools may damage it.

Warranty

Faults in manufacture and materials are fully guaranteed for 2 years from date of invoice and will be rectified by us free of charge, provided the unit has not been tampered with and is returned to us with its housing unopened. Damage due to dropping, abuse or misuse is not covered by the guarantee. Nothing in these instructions reduces your statutory rights.



LASER RADIATION DO NOT STARE INTO BEAM SEMICONDUCTOR LASER 670nm MAX. 1mW CLASS II LASER PRODUCT IEC 60825-1:1993 11

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